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Waste Water Management System using IoT

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ABSTRACT: Water is a critical resource for agriculture and has not been well managed in India. The urban waste water has been monitored by using the smart solution for testing the quality of water by using an array of sensors and thus the measured value is displayed in LCD. the foremost aim of this project includes the estimation of water quality parameters like PH, Turbidity, Temperature, BOD, TDS that helps to identify the deviations in parametersandprovidesanalertmessagewhenthere'sanabnor mallevel, i, e. the value exceeds the predefined threshold or thest and ard value est within the Arduino Uno Controller.

Keyword: [Arduinouno, sensors, LCD.]

1. INTRODUCTION

Now a day's the water gets easily polluted by various factors like industries and analyzing such polluted water is the biggest deal for the planet to tackle. The monitoring of such polluted water should be madecontinuously. The troubles of surface water bodies are pre dominantly because of organic nutrients. Over 90% of the board plants surveyed demonstrated that agribusinesses, agigantic wo rrywithin the bowl, which include diffuse or factor source pollutants with the help of organic be counted, nutrients, pesticides and hydro-

morphologicalinfluencesUsingaclusterofsensorstowatchthe parametersgivesthehydrogenofionsconcentrationinaverysol utionandit'shelpfultospotthe acidity or alkalinity of a solution.

2. RELATEDWORK

Thilina N Balasooriya, Pranav Mantri, and Piyumika Suriyampola focused on IOT-based smart watering systems for improving the efficiency of agricultural irrigation. By monitoring the soil moisture of crops and also the PH level of the irrigation water, not only can water be conserved, but healthier plants can even be cultivated. This research proposes an IoT-based smart watering that addresses both of those concerns by using PH and soil microcontrollers. The IBSWS prototype demonstrates that employment of sensors and the Wi-Fi-enabled microcontrollers over a cloud environment are often accustomed implement such a system and properly managing crop irrigation.[1] Fei Yuan, Yifan Huang, Xin Chen proposed, a Biological Sensor System Using Computer Vision for Water Quality Monitoring. pollution has seriously threatened our life, so a good water quality

monitoring mechanism is the most significant part of water quality management. Most studies use biologicalmonitoringmethods to watchwaterpollutants, like pesticides, heavy metals, and organic pollutants. However, there are still many difficulties at this time. Few methods consider the influence of illum ination and complicated backgroundwithin the monitoringenvironment, and therefore the characteristics parameters extracted within the systems are single. additionally, the results of using shallow neural networks for water quality classification are often not ideal. so as to resolve the above problems, we design a water quality monitoring system combined with the pc image processing technology and use computer vision to investigate the fish behaviour in real-time for monitoring the existence or not of pollution. For the illumination problem, we use the no-reference quality assessment algorithm supported by natural scene statistics for contrast distortion images to judge the video and configure the lighting conditions of the monitoring environment. White balance pre - processing is additionally performed to produce an excellent basis for moving target detection. Besides, we use background modeling eliminate to theinfluenceofcomplexbackgroundonthemovingtargetdetec tionandtherefore the fore ground is Extracted using the saliency detection algorithm .to comprehensively analyze the influence of water quality on the fish behaviour from the extracted foreground targets, multi-dimensional feature parameters are wont to quantify the indications, including movement velocity, rotation angle, spatial variance, and body color which characterize the behaviour changes of the fish. Finally, the classification model supported by the long memory neural network is employed to classify the feature parameters data of the fish behavior in several water quality environments.[2] Manish Kumar Jha, Rajini Kumari Sah, M. as proposed a smart water monitoring system for real-time water quality and usage monitoring. This paper consists of two parts: smart water quantity meter and smart water quality meter. the target of designing SMQM is to make sure conservation by monitoring the quantity of water consumed by a household, notifying the identical to the buyer and also the authority.[3]

3. PROPOSEDSYSTEM

The waste water is treated and monitored by using the array of sensors that are collected to Arduino uno board

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and measured value is displayed in LCD.

we have developed a coffee cost system for real time monitoring of the water quality in IOT environment.

In this design Arduino uno is employed as a core component. the planning system applies a specialized IOT module for accessing sensor data from core component to the cloud.

OBJECTIVES

Monitoring the water quality using sensors. Based on the sensor value decide the water is suitable for agriculture ornot. Update Sensor value to IOT. Intimation message sent to authentication Person

4. HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS Hardware Requirements: ArduinoUNO



Arduino is an open-source hardware and software company, project, and user community that designs and manufactures single-board microcontrollers and microcontroller kits for building digital devices and interactive objects which will sense and control objects within the physical and digital world.

PhSensor



ApH sensor maybe a scientific device that's ac customed measure the cation activity in water. pH sensor determines pHbymeasuringthevoltagelevelorthedifferenceofthesolutio nduringwhichit'simmersed.pHvalueofsolutions ranges from 1 to 14. A pH sensor got two electrodes, which are measuring electrode and reference electrode. The reference electrode won't be changed becauseital ways provides a tough and fast voltage when the pH meter is dipped into the solutions. The measuring electrode provides voltage and sensitivity to the cation . If the temperature changes, then the differential voltage of the electrode also changes. Therefore we would like a temperature sensor.



TheLM35seriesareprecisionintegrated circuit temperature sensors, whose output voltage is linearly proportional to the Celsius(Centigrade) temperature. T LM35doesn'trequireanyexternalcalibrationortrimmingtoprovidety picalaccuracies.

FEATURES

Calibrated directly at^o Celsius(Centigrade) Linear+10.0 mV/°C scale factor 0.5°Caccuracyguaranteeable(at+25°C) Ratedforfull-55°to+150°Crange Suitable for remote applications Low cost due to wafer-level trimming Lessthan60µAcurrentdrain Operatesfrom4to30volts Lowself-heating,0.08°Cinstillair Low impedance output, 0.1W for1mAload.

5. CIRCUITDIAGRAM



Circuitdiagramoftemperaturesensor Turbiditysensor



Turbidity could be a measure of the cloudiness of water. Turbidity has indicated the degree at which the water loses its transparency. it's considered as a decent measure of the standard of water. The turbidity sensor is that the measurement of water transparency. it's accustomed measure total suspend solids (TSS) in water by sending the sunshine beam into the water body. Turbidity is measured in Nephelo metric Turbidity Units, which is thought as NTU. Turbidity values from the turbidity sensor is higher or lower.

IJCSET JUNE Volume 9 Issue 6 DCMotor

Gas sensor



Gas sensor is one which comes in handy in applications where we've got to detect the variation within the concentration of toxic gases to keep up the system safe and avoid / caution any unexpected threats.

A gas sensor could be a device that detects the presence or concentration of gases within the atmosphere. supported the concentration of the gas the sensor produces a corresponding electric potential by changing the resistance of the fabric inside the sensor, which may be measured as output voltage. supported this voltage value the kind and concentration of the gas are often estimated.

SpecificationsofMQ-3GasSensor

Powerrequirements:5VDC@~165mA (heater on)/ ~60m A (heater off) CurrentConsumption:150 m A DO output: TTLdigital0and 1(0.1and5V) 0.1-0.3V AO output: (relative pollution). to the maximumconcentrationofavoltageofabout4V Detecting Concentration:0.05-10mg/L Alcohol Interface: 1TTLcompatibleinput (HSW),1 TTL compatible output (ALR) Heater consumption:lessthan750mW Operatingtemperature:14to122°F(-10to50°C) Load resistance: $200k\Omega$ Sensitivity S: Rs(in air)/Rs(0.4mg/L Alcohol)≥5 SensingResistanceRs: $2K\Omega$ - $20K\Omega$ (in0.4mg/l alcohol) Dimensions: 32x22x16 mm

LCD



(Liquid Crystal Display) is a type of flat panel display which use liquid crystals in its primary form of operation.

Power Supply



A power supply may be a hardware component that supplies power to a device. It receives power from a wall plug and converts this from AC (alternatingcurrent)toDC(directcurrent),whichiswhatthepcrequires



The motor is the electro-mechanical machine that converts the current into energy. the devices which produce rotational for ceare understood because of the motor.

Features

Can be used to run Two DC motors with the same IC. Speed and Direction control are possible Motor voltageVcc2 (Vs): 4.5Vto36V Maximum Peak motor current: 1.2 A Maximum Continuous Motor Current:600 m A Supply Voltage to Vcc1 (VSS):4.5Vto7V Transition time: 300ns (at 5V and 24V) Automatic Thermal shutdown is available Availablein16-pinDIP, TSSOP, and SOIC packages

RELAY



There lay operates both electrically and mechanically. It consists of electromagnetic and sets of contacts that operate on the switching.

Nodemcu



Nodemcu is an open-source IoT platform. The Node uses Lua scripting language to program. But don't be concerned. Your familiar Arduino IDE can also be accustomed to ProgramNodemcu.NodemcurunsanESP8266WiFiSoCfromEspres sifSystems.Nodemcucontainsanin-

builtWiFimodule.whichmeansyou'lleasilyconnectittoWiFiwithafe w lines of code.

IJCSET JUNE Volume 9 Issue 6 Telegram Bots

SOFTWAREREQUIREMENTS Arduino IDE

The Arduino integrated development environment (IDE) (figure 4.4.1) is across-platform application for Windows, mac OS. and Linux that's written within theartificial language Java. it's accustomed write and uploading programstoArduinocompatibleboards, butalso, with the assistance of 3rd party cores, other vendor development boards. The Arduino IDE supports the languages C and C++using special rules of code structuring. it's a politician Arduino software, making code compilation too easy that even a typical person with no prior technical knowledge can get their feet wet with the training process. most code, also referred to as a sketch, created on the IDE platform will ultimately generate a Hex File which is then transferred and uploaded within the controller on the board, most code also called a sketch, created on the IDE platform will ultimately generate a Hex File which is then transferred and uploaded within the controller on the board.



EMBEDDEDC



Embedded C is an extension to C artificial language that has support for developing efficient programs for embedded devices. It isn't a component of the C language. C is the foremost generally used language for embedded processors/controllers. Assembly is additionally used but mainly to implement those portions of the code where very high timing accuracy, code size efficiency, etc. are prime requirements. Arduino IDE (IntegratedDevelopmentEnvironment)

isfullydevelopedintofunctionalitycrammedwithlibraries, as long as programming the Arduino UNO in Embedded C language is possible because Arduino IDE can compile both Arduino code additionally as AVR standard code.



Bots are third-party applications that run inside Telegram.Users can interact with bots by sending them messages, commands, and inline requests. You control your bots using HTTPS requests to our Bot API.

SYSTEM DESIGN



A controller, those noteworthy and only the IoT empower water following framework. it's significantly discovered that the bulk of the IoT builds addresses utilization. A controller with outside Wi -Fi and also the vitality productive what's more additionally realize convoluted meandering. within theESP8266, are going to be one chip microcontroller inside constructed Wi -Fi module, which could an opportunity to be identified with those closest Wi -Fi warm spots to network connectivity. The sensor is immediately interfaced with the controller of the uncovered domesticated water acceptable. Those sensor parameters would be accustomed to discovering those water levels and can measure by method for setting the sensor under dissimilar results about water. Those measure for parameters encompasses a chance to be seen. Eventually, pursuing employment in LCD(Liquid Crystal Display). The majority of the information from the sensor sent to the cloud for the employment of controller is the sting are prepared inside the cloud-dependent upon the prerequisites equipped those side for WHO(World Health Organization).

Messages are going to be sent from a cloud of the client portable if the worth exceeds the brink. A caution message is shipped to the user yet on the govt. using an IoT. Likewise ,provides remedial measures to stay up the amount of the measurement parameters with move forward those nature from claiming water. This might be utilized by both the water top quality monitoring government in addition to users within the smart water great tracking devices, the cleverwater sensor interface devices that integrated facts storage, records processing the water measurement.

CONCLUSION

Monitoring of Turbidity, PH & Temperature of Water makes use of water detection sensor with a unique advantage and existing GSM network. The system can monitor water quality automatically, and it's low in cost and doesn't require people on duty. that the water quality testing is perhaps visiting be more economical, convenient, and fast. The system has good flexibility. Only by replacing the corresponding sensors and changing the relevant software programs, this system is accustomed monitor other water quality parameters. The operation is straightforward. The system is often expanded to watch hydrologic, pollution, industrial and agricultural production so on .its wide spread application and extension value .By keeping the embedded devices within the environment for monitoring enables self-protection (i.e., smart environment) to the environment. To implement this must deploy the sensor devices within the environment for collecting the data and analysis. By deploying sensor devices within the environment, weare going to bring the environment into reality i.e. it can interact with other objects through the network. Then the collected data and analysis results are visiting be available to the tip user through the Wi-Fi.

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